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<u>2SSB 5882</u> - H COMM AMD By Committee on Appropriations

ADOPTED AS AMENDED 02/29/2024

- 1 Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the 2 following:
 - "NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. Youth mental and behavioral health has been a rising crisis for a decade. As youth grapple with new pressures from social media and impacts of a pandemic, their needs can manifest as disruptive behaviors in the school environment. Teachers, counselors, administrators, and education support professionals have identified the need to have more caring and committed education staff in schools to meet the needs of students.
 - Education support professionals are vital team members in a school and often directly support students. Educational staff professionals drive students safely to school, provide one-on-one individualized instruction for special education students, run small group instruction for English language learners and for students struggling with certain academic concepts, supervise and monitor students before and after school, at lunch, and during recess, provide physical and behavioral health services in schools, serve lunches, keep buildings clean and maintained, and many other support services that are essential to school operations and student learning.
 - Therefore, to improve the individualized support for student learning and behavioral needs, the legislature intends to increase staffing allocations for paraprofessionals in instructional and noninstructional roles. The intent of this additional funding is to assist school districts in hiring additional support staff or providing the staff they already employ with better wages.
 - Sec. 2. RCW 28A.150.260 and 2023 c 379 s 6 are each amended to read as follows:
- The purpose of this section is to provide for the allocation of state funding that the legislature deems necessary to support school districts in offering the minimum instructional program of basic

1 education under RCW 28A.150.220. The allocation shall be determined 2 as follows:

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- (1) The governor shall and the superintendent of public instruction may recommend to the legislature a formula for the distribution of a basic education instructional allocation for each common school district.
- (2)(a) The distribution formula under this section shall be for allocation purposes only. Except as may be required under subsections (4)(b) and (c), (5)(b) and (c), and (9) of this section, chapter 28A.155, 28A.165, 28A.180, or 28A.185 RCW, or federal laws and regulations, nothing in this section requires school districts to use basic education instructional funds to implement a particular instructional approach or service. Nothing in this section requires school districts to maintain a particular classroom teacher-tostudent ratio or other staff-to-student ratio or to use allocated funds to pay for particular types or classifications of staff. Nothing in this section entitles an individual teacher to a particular teacher planning period.
- (b) To promote transparency in state funding allocations, the superintendent of public instruction must report state per-pupil allocations for each school district for the general apportionment, special education, learning assistance, transitional bilingual, highly capable, and career and technical education programs. The superintendent must report this information in a user-friendly format on the main page of the office's website. School districts must include a link to the superintendent's per-pupil allocations report on the main page of the school district's website. In addition, the budget documents published by the legislature for the enacted omnibus operating appropriations act must report statewide average per-pupil allocations for general apportionment and the categorical programs listed in this subsection.
- (3)(a) To the extent the technical details of the formula have been adopted by the legislature and except when specifically provided as a school district allocation, the distribution formula for the basic education instructional allocation shall be based on minimum staffing and nonstaff costs the legislature deems necessary to support instruction and operations in prototypical schools serving high, middle, and elementary school students as provided in this section. The use of prototypical schools for the distribution formula does not constitute legislative intent that schools should be Code Rev/CC:eab

- 1 operated or structured in a similar fashion as the prototypes.
- 2 Prototypical schools illustrate the level of resources needed to
- 3 operate a school of a particular size with particular types and grade
- 4 levels of students using commonly understood terms and inputs, such
- 5 as class size, hours of instruction, and various categories of school
- 6 staff. It is the intent that the funding allocations to school
- 7 districts be adjusted from the school prototypes based on the actual
- 8 number of annual average full-time equivalent students in each grade
- 9 level at each school in the district and not based on the grade-level
- 10 configuration of the school to the extent that data is available. The
- 11 allocations shall be further adjusted from the school prototypes with
- 12 minimum allocations for small schools and to reflect other factors
- 13 identified in the omnibus appropriations act.

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- 14 (b) For the purposes of this section, prototypical schools are defined as follows:
- 16 (i) A prototypical high school has 600 average annual full-time 17 equivalent students in grades nine through 12;
 - (ii) A prototypical middle school has 432 average annual full-time equivalent students in grades seven and eight; and
- 20 (iii) A prototypical elementary school has 400 average annual full-time equivalent students in grades kindergarten through six.
 - (4)(a)(i) The minimum allocation for each level of prototypical school shall be based on the number of full-time equivalent classroom teachers needed to provide instruction over the minimum required annual instructional hours under RCW 28A.150.220 and provide at least one teacher planning period per school day, and based on the following general education average class size of full-time equivalent students per teacher:

29	General edu	cation
30	average clas	s size
31	Grades K-3	17.00
32	Grade 4	27.00
33	Grades 5-6	27.00
34	Grades 7-8	28.53
35	Grades 9-12	28.74

(ii) The minimum class size allocation for each prototypical high school shall also provide for enhanced funding for class size reduction for two laboratory science classes within grades nine through 12 per full-time equivalent high school student multiplied by

1	a laboratory science course factor of 0.0833, based on the number of
2	full-time equivalent classroom teachers needed to provide instruction
3	over the minimum required annual instructional hours in RCW
4	28A.150.220, and providing at least one teacher planning period per
5	school day:

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instruction. . . .

- (b) (i) Beginning September 1, 2019, funding for average K-3 class sizes in this subsection (4) may be provided only to the extent of, and proportionate to, the school district's demonstrated actual class size in grades K-3, up to the funded class sizes.
- 13 (ii) The office of the superintendent of public instruction shall develop rules to implement this subsection (4)(b).
- 15 (c)(i) The minimum allocation for each prototypical middle and 16 high school shall also provide for full-time equivalent classroom 17 teachers based on the following number of full-time equivalent 18 students per teacher in career and technical education:

Career and technical

- 27 (ii) Funding allocated under this subsection (4)(c) is subject to 28 RCW 28A.150.265.
- 29 (d) In addition, the omnibus appropriations act shall at a 30 minimum specify:
- 31 (i) A high-poverty average class size in schools where more than 32 50 percent of the students are eligible for free and reduced-price 33 meals; and
- 34 (ii) A specialty average class size for advanced placement and 35 international baccalaureate courses.
- 36 (5)(a) The minimum allocation for each level of prototypical 37 school shall include allocations for the following types of staff in 38 addition to classroom teachers:

1		E1	MC 1.11	TT' 1
		Elementary	Middle	High
2		School	School	School
3	Principals, assistant principals, and other certificated building-level			
4	administrators.	1.253	1.353	1.880
5	Teacher-librarians, a function that includes information literacy, technology,			
6	and media to support school library media programs	0.663	0.519	0.523
7	((Teaching assistance)) Paraeducators, including any aspect of educational			
8	instructional services provided by classified employees	((0.936))	((0.700))	((0.652))
9		1.004	0.768	0.720
10	Office support and other noninstructional aides.	((2.012))	((2.325))	((3.269))
11		<u>2.080</u>	<u>2.393</u>	3.337
12	Custodians	1.657	1.942	2.965
13	Nurses.	0.585	0.888	0.824
14	Social workers	0.311	0.088	0.127
15	Psychologists	0.104	0.024	0.049
16	Counselors	0.993	1.716	3.039
17	Classified staff providing student and staff safety	0.079	0.092	0.141
18	Parent involvement coordinators	0.0825	0.00	0.00

- (b)(i) The superintendent may only allocate funding, up to the combined minimum allocations, for nurses, social workers, psychologists, counselors, classified staff providing student and staff safety, and parent involvement coordinators under (a) of this subsection to the extent of and proportionate to a school district's demonstrated actual ratios of: Full-time equivalent physical, social, and emotional support staff to full-time equivalent students.
- (ii) The superintendent must adopt rules to implement this subsection (5)(b) and the rules must require school districts to prioritize funding allocated as required by (b)(i) of this subsection for physical, social, and emotional support staff who hold a valid educational staff associate certificate appropriate for the staff's role.
- (iii) For the purposes of this subsection (5)(b), "physical, social, and emotional support staff" include nurses, social workers, psychologists, counselors, classified staff providing student and staff safety, parent involvement coordinators, and other school district employees and contractors who provide physical, social, and emotional support to students as defined by the superintendent.

(c) The superintendent shall develop rules that require school
districts to use the additional funding provided under (a) of this
subsection to support increased staffing, prevent layoffs, or
increase salaries for the following staff types in the 2024-25 school
year: Paraeducators, office support, and noninstructional aides. The
superintendent shall collect data from school districts on how the
increased allocations are used.

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(6)(a) The minimum staffing allocation for each school district to provide district-wide support services shall be allocated per one thousand annual average full-time equivalent students in grades K-12 as follows:

12	Staff per 1,000
13	K-12 students
14	Technology
15	Facilities, maintenance, and grounds
16	Warehouse, laborers, and mechanics 0.332

- (b) The minimum allocation of staff units for each school district to support certificated and classified staffing of central administration shall be 5.30 percent of the staff units generated under subsections (4)(a) and (5) of this section and (a) of this subsection.
- (7) The distribution formula shall include staffing allocations to school districts for career and technical education and skill center administrative and other school-level certificated staff, as specified in the omnibus appropriations act.
- (8)(a) Except as provided in (b) of this subsection, the minimum allocation for each school district shall include allocations per annual average full-time equivalent student for the following materials, supplies, and operating costs as provided in the 2017-18 school year, after which the allocations shall be adjusted annually for inflation as specified in the omnibus appropriations act:

32			Per	annual	average
33		full-time	equi	valent	student
34				in grad	des K-12
35	Technology				\$130.76
36	Utilities and insurance				\$355.30
37	Curriculum and textbooks				\$140.39
38	Other supplies				\$278.05
39	Library materials				\$20.00
	Code Rev/CC:eab	6		H-34	147.1/24

1	Instructional professional development for certificated and
2	classified staff
3	Facilities maintenance
4	Security and central office administration \$121.94
5	(b) In addition to the amounts provided in (a) of this
6	subsection, beginning in the 2014-15 school year, the omnibus
7	appropriations act shall provide the following minimum allocation for
8	each annual average full-time equivalent student in grades nine
9	through 12 for the following materials, supplies, and operating
10	costs, to be adjusted annually for inflation:
11	Per annual average
12	full-time equivalent student
13	in grades 9-12
14	Technology
15	Curriculum and textbooks
16	Other supplies
17	Library materials
18	Instructional professional development for certificated and
19	classified staff
20	(9) In addition to the amounts provided in subsection (8) of this
21	section and subject to RCW 28A.150.265, the omnibus appropriations
22	act shall provide an amount based on full-time equivalent student
23	enrollment in each of the following:
24	(a) Exploratory career and technical education courses for
25	students in grades seven through 12;
26	(b) Preparatory career and technical education courses for
27	students in grades nine through 12 offered in a high school; and
28	(c) Preparatory career and technical education courses for
29	students in grades 11 and 12 offered through a skill center.
30	(10) In addition to the allocations otherwise provided under this
31	section, amounts shall be provided to support the following programs
32	and services:
33	(a) (i) To provide supplemental instruction and services for
34	students who are not meeting academic standards through the learning
35 36	assistance program under RCW 28A.165.005 through 28A.165.065,
36 37	allocations shall be based on the greater of either: The district
37	percentage of students in kindergarten through grade 12 who were
38 39	eligible for free or reduced-price meals for the school year immediately preceding the district's participation, in whole or part,
33	immediately preceding the district's participation, in whose or part,

H-3447.1/24

Code Rev/CC:eab

1 in the United States department of agriculture's community eligibility provision, or the district percentage of students in 2 grades K-12 who were eligible for free or reduced-price meals in the 3 prior school year. The minimum allocation for the program shall, 4 except as provided in (a)(iii) of this subsection, provide for each 5 6 level of prototypical school resources to provide, on a statewide average, 2.3975 hours per week in extra instruction with a class size 7 of 15 learning assistance program students per teacher. 8

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- (ii) In addition to funding allocated under (a)(i) of this subsection, to provide supplemental instruction and services for students who are not meeting academic standards in qualifying schools. A qualifying school, except as provided in (a)(iv) of this subsection, means a school in which the three-year rolling average of the prior year total annual average enrollment that qualifies for free or reduced-price meals equals or exceeds 50 percent or more of its total annual average enrollment. A school continues to meet the definition of a qualifying school if the school: Participates in the United States department of agriculture's community eligibility provision; and met the definition of a qualifying school in the year immediately preceding their participation. The minimum allocation for this additional high poverty-based allocation must provide for each level of prototypical school resources to provide, on a statewide average, 1.1 hours per week in extra instruction with a class size of 15 learning assistance program students per teacher, under RCW 28A.165.055, school districts must distribute the high poverty-based allocation to the schools that generated the funding allocation.
 - (iii) For the 2024-25 and 2025-26 school years, allocations under (a)(i) of this subsection for school districts providing meals at no charge to students under RCW 28A.235.135 that are not participating, in whole or in part, in the United States department of agriculture's community eligibility provision shall be based on the school district percentage of students in grades K-12 who were eligible for free or reduced-price meals in school years 2019-20 through 2022-23 or the prior school year, whichever is greatest.
 - (iv) For the 2024-25 and 2025-26 school years, a school providing meals at no charge to students under RCW 28A.235.135 that is not participating in the department of agriculture's community eligibility provision continues to meet the definition of a qualifying school under (a) (ii) of this subsection if the school met

1 the definition during one year of the 2019-20 through 2022-23 school years, or in the prior school year.

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- (b)(i) To provide supplemental instruction and services for 3 students whose primary language is other than English, allocations 4 shall be based on the head count number of students in each school 5 6 who are eligible for and enrolled in the transitional bilingual instruction program under RCW 28A.180.010 through 28A.180.080. The 7 minimum allocation for each level of prototypical school shall 8 provide resources to provide, on a statewide average, 4.7780 hours 9 per week in extra instruction for students in grades kindergarten 10 11 through six and 6.7780 hours per week in extra instruction for students in grades seven through 12, with 15 transitional bilingual 12 instruction program students per teacher. Notwithstanding other 13 provisions of this subsection (10), the actual per-student allocation 14 may be scaled to provide a larger allocation for students needing 15 16 more intensive intervention and a commensurate reduced allocation for 17 students needing less intensive intervention, as detailed in the 18 omnibus appropriations act.
 - To provide supplemental instruction and services for students who have exited the transitional bilingual program, allocations shall be based on the head count number of students in each school who have exited the transitional bilingual program within the previous two years based on their performance on the English proficiency assessment and are eligible for and enrolled in the transitional bilingual instruction program under 28A.180.040(1)(g). The minimum allocation for each prototypical school shall provide resources to provide, on a statewide average, 3.0 hours per week in extra instruction with 15 exited students per teacher.
 - (c) To provide additional allocations to support programs for highly capable students under RCW 28A.185.010 through 28A.185.030, allocations shall be based on 5.0 percent of each school district's full-time equivalent basic education enrollment. The minimum allocation for the programs shall provide resources to provide, on a statewide average, 2.1590 hours per week in extra instruction with fifteen highly capable program students per teacher.
- (11) The allocations under subsections (4)(a), (5), (6), and (8)37 of this section shall be enhanced as provided under RCW 28A.150.390 38 39 on an excess cost basis to provide supplemental instructional 40 resources for students with disabilities.

(12)(a) For the purposes of allocations for prototypical high schools and middle schools under subsections (4) and (10) of this section that are based on the percent of students in the school who are eligible for free and reduced-price meals, the actual percent of such students in a school shall be adjusted by a factor identified in the omnibus appropriations act to reflect underreporting of free and reduced-price meal eligibility among middle and high school students.

- (b) Allocations or enhancements provided under subsections (4), (7), and (9) of this section for exploratory and preparatory career and technical education courses shall be provided only for courses approved by the office of the superintendent of public instruction under chapter 28A.700 RCW.
- (13)(a) This formula for distribution of basic education funds shall be reviewed biennially by the superintendent and governor. The recommended formula shall be subject to approval, amendment or rejection by the legislature.
- (b) In the event the legislature rejects the distribution formula recommended by the governor, without adopting a new distribution formula, the distribution formula for the previous school year shall remain in effect.
- (c) The enrollment of any district shall be the annual average number of full-time equivalent students and part-time students as provided in RCW 28A.150.350, enrolled on the first school day of each month, including students who are in attendance pursuant to RCW 28A.335.160 and 28A.225.250 who do not reside within the servicing school district. The definition of full-time equivalent student shall be determined by rules of the superintendent of public instruction and shall be included as part of the superintendent's biennial budget request. The definition shall be based on the minimum instructional hour offerings required under RCW 28A.150.220. Any revision of the present definition shall not take effect until approved by the house ways and means committee and the senate ways and means committee.
- (d) The office of financial management shall make a monthly review of the superintendent's reported full-time equivalent students in the common schools in conjunction with RCW 43.62.050.
- **Sec. 3.** RCW 28A.400.007 and 2022 c 109 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:
- 38 (1) In addition to the staffing units in RCW 28A.150.260, the 39 superintendent of public instruction must provide school districts Code Rev/CC:eab 10 H-3447.1/24

1	with allocations for the following staff units if and to the extent
2	that funding is specifically appropriated and designated for that
3	category of staffing unit in the omnibus operating appropriations
4	act.
5	(a) Additional staffing units for each level of prototypical

(a) Additional staffing units for each level of prototypical school in RCW 28A.150.260:

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7		Elementary	Middle	High
8		School	School	School
9	Principals, assistant principals, and other certificated building-level			
10	administrators	0.0470	0.0470	0.0200
11	Teacher-librarians, a function that includes information literacy, technology,			
12	and media to support school library media programs	0.3370	0.4810	0.4770
13	((Teaching assistance)) Paraeducators, including any aspect of educational			
14	instructional services provided by classified employees	((1.0640))	((0.3000))	((0.3480))
15		<u>0.996</u>	0.232	0.280
16	Office support and other noninstructional aides	((0.9880))	((1.1750))	((0.2310))
17		<u>0.92</u>	<u>1.107</u>	<u>0.163</u>
18	Custodians.	0.0430	0.0580	0.0350
19	Classified staff providing student and staff safety.	0.0000	0.6080	1.1590
20	Parent involvement coordinators.	0.9175	1.0000	1.0000

(b) Additional certificated instructional staff units sufficient to achieve the following reductions in class size in each level of prototypical school under RCW 28A.150.260:

24	General educ	ation
25	certificated instruct	ional
26	staff units sufficie	nt to
27	achieve class size reductio	n of:
28	Grades K-3 class size	0.00
29	Grade 4	2.00
30	Grades 5-6	2.00
31	Grades 7-8	3.53
32	Grades 9-12	3.74
33	CTE	4.00
34	Skills	3.00
35	High po	verty

Code Rev/CC:eab 11 H-3447.1/24

certificated instructional

staff units sufficient to

1	achieve class size red	luctio	n of:
2	Grades K-3 class size		2.00
3	Grade 4		5.00
4	Grades 5-6		4.00
5	Grades 7-8		5.53
6	Grades 9-12		5.74

- (2) The staffing units in subsection (1) of this section are an enrichment to and are beyond the state's statutory program of basic education in RCW 28A.150.220 and 28A.150.260. However, if and to the extent that any of these additional staffing units are funded by specific reference to this section in the omnibus operating appropriations act, those units become part of prototypical school funding formulas and a component of the state funding that the legislature deems necessary to support school districts in offering the statutory program of basic education under Article IX, section 1 of the state Constitution.
- 17 The state must provide the full school NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. year amount for paraeducators, including any aspect of educational 18 19 instructional services provided by classified employees, and office 20 support and other noninstructional aides provided in this act, for the 2023-24 school year. The first month's distribution of additional 21 22 amounts provided under this act in the 2023-24 school year must be a 23 proportion of the total annual additional amount provided in this act 24 equal to the sum of the proportional shares under RCW 28A.510.250 from September 2023 to the first month's distribution. Staff units 25 26 for nurses, social workers, psychologists, and counselors in this 27 act, above those provided in section 5, chapter 379, Laws of 2023 may 28 not be allocated until the 2024-25 school year.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. If specific funding for the purposes of this act, referencing this act by bill or chapter number, is not provided by June 30, 2024, in the omnibus appropriations act, this act is null and void."
- 33 Correct the title.

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EFFECT: The striker recommended by the Appropriations Committee:
Increases the minimum staff allocations for paraeducators, office support and noninstructional aides by 0.068 per staff type per school level beginning in the 2023-24 school year, rather than by Code Rev/CC:eab

12 H-3447.1/24

approximately 0.117 per staff type per school level beginning in the 2024-25 school year;

Adds instructions for distributing the full additional staff allocations in the 2023-24 school year starting mid-year, while keeping the scheduled phase-in of physical, social, and emotional support staff unchanged;

Changes the effective date from September 1, 2024, to 90 days after the adjournment of the session in which the bill is passed; and

Adds a null and void clause, making the bill null and void unless funded in the budget.

--- END ---